

different States/UTs conduct the review of such cases in the respective States/UTs at regular intervals. The detailed information of such reviews is not maintained by the Ministry of Home Affairs. However, the Central Government have been advising from time to time, State Governments and UT Administrations to review these cases and to expedite cases pending investigation and under trial.

Srikrishna Commission Report

1952. SHRI V. V. RAGHAVAN:

SHRI J. CHITHARANJAN:

Will the Minister of HOME AFFAIRS be pleased to state:

(a) whether it is a fact that the Supreme Court has directed the Centre to clarify its stand on the Srikrishna Commission Report while expressing distress over the remarks of some Cabinet Minister on the Maharashtra Government's decision to prosecute Shiv Sena Chief for his alleged complicity in the 1993 Mumbai riots; and

(b) if so, the details thereof and Government's reactions thereto?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF HOME AFFAIRS (SHRI I.D. SWAMI): (a) Yes, Sir.

(b) In compliance with the Order dated 21.7.2000 of the Hon'ble Supreme Court of India, the Union Government will file the necessary affidavit within the six weeks time granted by the Hon'ble Court.

Investment in Non-conventional Energy Sources

1953. SHRI NANA DESHMUKH: Will the Minister of NON-CONVENTIONAL ENERGY SOURCES be pleased to state:

(a) whether Government have a plan to finalise a new renewable energy policy in order to boost the production of power from non-conventional energy sources;

(b) what is the country's production of power from these sources at present;

[9 August, 2000]

RAJYA SABHA

(c) what are those non-conventional energy sources alongwith locations thereof; and

(d) how Government propose to meet the large-scale investment for these sources and whether Government would invite private sector investments?

THE MINISTER OF STATE OF THE MINISTRY OF NON-CONVENTIONAL ENERGY SOURCES (SHRI M. KANNAPPAN): (a) Yes, Sir.

(b) and (c) About 1700 MW of power generating capacity is now based on renewable energy sources such as solar energy, wind energy, biomass and small hydro. The projects have been installed throughout the country depending upon resource availability.

(d) Most of the power generating capacity installed so far has come from commercial projects through private investments and financing provided by Financial Institutions. Budgetary support is also provided for limited demonstration and other projects.

Incentives to augment Non-Conventional Energy Resources

1954. PROF. M. SANKARALINGAM: Will the Minister of NON-CONVENTIONAL ENERGY SOURCES be pleased to state:

(a) whether Government have undertaken any new initiative to explore more avenues to increase the non-conventional energy resources;

(b) if so, the details thereof;

(c) whether it is a fact that Government are reducing the incentives to entrepreneurs to install non-conventional energy project;

(d) if so, the details thereof; and

(e) whether Government would consider giving more incentives to augment production?

THE MINISTER OF STATE OF THE MINISTRY OF NON-CONVENTIONAL ENERGY SOURCES (SHRI M. KANNAPPAN): (a) and (b) The Ministry of Non-conventional